Keybooks are freely available at our website
1. FAMILIES

- Mother’s
  1. Uncle
  2. Aunt
  3. Grandfather
- Father’s
  1. Uncle
  2. Aunt
  3. Grandfather

1. small  2. big  3. big

1. The members in my family are my parents, brother, sister and my grandparents.
2. Ours is a nuclear family.
3. Foster parents (who adopt a child) together with their child is called foster family.

2. OUR BODY

1. The main parts of the body are head, trunk and limbs.
2. The internal organs of the body are brain, lungs, heart, stomach.
3. The head contains eyes, ears and nose.
4. The different parts of the trunk are chest, back and abdomen.
5. The function of heart is to pump blood around our body to give it oxygen and food.

- trunk  2. hand  3. foot
- skin  5. Nails

1. The head is on the neck.
2. The neck joins the head to the trunk.
3. The hair grows thickest on our head.
4. Our bodies change as we grow.

- Heart  2. Brain  3. Lungs
- Stomach  5. Excretory organs
3. OUR SENSES

Pg - 13
- 1. Eye  2. Ear  3. Nose
   4. Tongue  5. Skin

Pg - 15
- 1. skin  2. nose  3. ear
   4. eyes  5. tongue
- 1. good  2. bad  3. good
   4. bad  5. good  6. bad
- 1. blade  2. fire  3. iron

1. We have five sense organs: eyes, nose, ear, skin and tongue.
2. The different senses are sight, smell, taste, hearing and touch.
3. The tongue gives the taste of a particular thing that we eat.
4. If we had no eyes, we can not see the things in our surroundings.

4. PEOPLE WHO HELP US

- 1. Tractor  Farmer
   2. Scissors & inch tape  Tailor
   3. Building material  Mason
   4. Stethoscope  Doctor
   5. Stationery  Stationer
   6. Edibles  Grocer
   7. Blackboard  Teacher
   8. Cake  Confectioner

- 1. Farmer produces crops.
   2. We get milk from people who rear cattle.
3. Poultry farmers supply eggs and chickens.
4. Grocers sell wheat, rice, pulses, tea and sugar. Stationers sell paper, ink, pen, notebooks, etc. Florists sell flowers.

- 1. Electrician
- 2. Postman
- 3. Plumber
- 4. Nurse
- 5. Pilot

5. **FUn and Recreation**

- 1. Children go to park for playing.
- 2. I watch television.

- 1. Indoor games Carom, Ludo, Chess
- 2. Outdoor games Cricket, Hockey, Football
- 3. Cartoons Micky Mouse, Donald Duck, Tom & Jerry
- 4. TV programmes Sports, News, Music
- 5. In the park Swings, Slides, See-Saw
- 6. Hobbies Dancing, Singing, Painting

- 1. Reading comics
- 2. Drawing picture
- 3. Listening to music
- 4. Watching TV
- 5. Going for a picnic
- 9. Playing with marbles
- 10. Singing

6. **Days we celebrate**

- 1. joy, happiness
- 2. Vijay Dashmi
- 3. Gurupurab
- 4. Santa Claus
- 5. bursting

- 1. The four main festivals are: Diwali, Christmas, Id and Gurupurab.
- 2. We wait for festivals because they bring joy and happiness.
- 3. Holi is celebrated in the month of February or March. People play with gulal and coloured water. They sing and dance.
4. Durga Puja is the most important festival of West Bengal.
5. On Christmas, people decorate Christmas tree with stars, bells and presents and children wait for Santa Claus to bring gifts.

- 1. (c) 2. (d) 3. (e) 4. (b) 5. (a)

### 7. MORE ABOUT PLANTS

- 1. Cereals, vegetables, pulses, fruits and cooking oil are the five food items we get from plants.
- 2. Neem is used for medicinal purposes.
- 3. The three green vegetables are cabbage, spinach and lettuce.
- 4. Groundnut, mustard and coconut are the three plants that give us cooking oil.
- 5. Cricket bats are made from the wood of willow.

- 1. Rose 6. Cinchona tree
- 2. Keckar 7. Coconut tree
- 4. Teak 9. Wheat
- 5. Bamboo 10. Sunflower

- 1. Medicine 2. Chapatis
- 5. A common drink 6. Timber
- 7. Coir 8. Tyres

### 8. FOOD OF ANIMALS

- 1. An elephant eats Sugarcane
- 2. A snake eats Flesh
- 3. A frog eats Insects
- 4. A lion eats Flesh
- 5. A pigeon eats Grain

9. HOMES OF ANIMALS

1. Animals need homes to protect themselves from their enemies and bad weather.
2. Lions and foxes live in dens.
4. Elephants rest under the big trees.

- 1. Frog
- 2. Lion
- 3. Crocodile

- 1. Cows
- 2. Dogs
- 3. Hens
- 4. Horses
- 5. Pigs

- Shed
- Kennel
- Coop
- Stable
- Sty

10. ANIMALS ARE USEFUL

1. run
2. bees
3. Cow dung
4. leather
5. guide

1. When we tame some animals, they are known as domestic animals.
2. Cow, buffaloes, goats and hens are some of the domestic animals.
3. We get wool from sheep. Wool keep us warm.
4. Five things which we can make from milk are curd, butter, cheese, ice-cream, sweets.

- 1. A cow gives us milk.
- 2. Hen gives us eggs.
- 3. A honey bee gives us honey.
- 4. Dogs guard our homes.
- 5. Donkey carries loads.
- 6. Horse helps us in carriages (Tongas).
11. OUR FOOD

1. We need food because it helps us to grow and gives us energy and help us to fight against diseases.
2. Milk, cheese, butter and fish give us energy to work and play.
3. Milk, peas, beans, pulses help us to grow.
4. Milk, vegetables, pulses and fruits help us to fight diseases.
5. Four good eating habits are as follows:
   (a) Wash your hands before each meal.
   (b) Rinse your mouth after each meal.
   (c) Do not eat too much or too little food.
   (d) Do not eat from street vendors.

- 1. Cucumber, watermelon, melon, pineapple
- 2. Rice, pulses, wheat, cauliflower
- 3. Curd, cheese, butter, sweets
- 4. Pizza, burgers, noodles, potato chips

- 1. food
- 2. fruits
- 3. live
- 4. diseases
- 5. slowly

- 1. T
- 2. F
- 3. T
- 4. F
- 5. F

12. WATER

- 1. Rain
- 2. soil
- 3. health
- 4. drink
- 5. water

- 1. River
- 2. boiling
- 3. clean

- 1. The four sources of water are river, lakes, streams and ponds.
- 2. We drink more water in summer because during summer our body loses a lot of water in the form of sweat.
- 3. We filter water at home because it may contain some harmful germs.
4. We draw underground water through wells, tube wells and pumps.

5. Two ways to save water are:
   (i) Get your leaking taps repaired immediately.
   (ii) Do not waste water while brushing teeth or taking bath.

6. We do not use seawater for drinking because sea water is too salty.

13. OUR SHELTER

- 1. House protect us from heat, cold, bad weather, thieves, stray and wild animals.
- 2. The early man lived in caves and on tree tops.
- 3. Kuchcha houses are made with mud and straw.
- 4. Tent, houseboat, caravan and igloo are the temporary houses.
- 5. Flats, bungalows, houses made of bricks, apartments are four types of permanent houses.

- 1. A hut Mud and straw
- 2. A houseboat Wood
- 3. An igloo Ice
- 4. A pucca house bricks and cement
- 5. A tent Canvas


- 1. kitchen 2. bed room 3. guest
- 4. light, air

Think and Write

1. Materials used for building a permanent house are bricks, cement, sand, iron rods, concrete, wood and stone.
2. An ideal house should have rooms that have proper ventilation and light. An ideal house should have separate rooms for different purposes, namely drawing
room, bedroom (for sleeping), kitchen (for cooking),
bathroom (for bathing), dining room (for dining), stores
(for storage of miscellaneous goods), etc.

14. OUR CLOTHES

• 1. We wear clothes because they protect our body from heat,
cold, wind, dust and rain.
2. We wear woollen clothes in winter.
3. We wear cotton clothes in summer.
4. We use raincoats and umbrellas when it rains.
5. Woollen clothes are made of wool.
6. We wear light, cotton clothes during summer because
they keep us cool.

• 1. sheep 2. silk worms 3. cotton plants
4. plastic 5. man made

• 1. Farmer 2. Weaver 3. Tailor
4. Washerman

4. Coir

• 1. Postman 2. Nurse
3. Policeman 4. Doctor

15. AROUND THE NEIGHBOURHOOD

• 1. When families live near one another, they form a
neighbourhood.
2. Yes, I play with other children in my neighbourhood.
3. Yes, a map of the neighbourhood help me locate a
place.

• 1. in the East
2. in the North
3. in the South
4. in the West

Learning Environment
16. THE WEATHER AND SEASONS


- 1. Bihu  Assam
- 2. Baisakhi  North India
- 3. Onam  Kerala
- 4. Pongal  Tamil Nadu

- 1. Weather  2. harvest  3. Autumn
- 4. Monsoon  5. Spring

17. MEANS OF TRANSPORT

- 1. Metro  big cities
- 2. Train  rails
- 3. Aeroplane  airport
- 4. Ship  water transport


- 1. Five means of land transport are bicycle, car, bus, truck and autorickshaw.
- 2. The fastest means of transport is airways.
- 3. Heavy goods are transported to other countries by ships.

18. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION


- 1. Television
- 2. Postal Index Number
- 3. Subscriber Trunk Dialling
- 4. International Subscriber Dialling
- 5. Short Messages Service
- 6. Multimedia Messaging Service
1. The process of sending and receiving messages is called communication.
2. The two main means of personal communication are letter and telephone.
3. The three main means of mass communication are newspaper, television and Internet.
4. Letters are long messages whereas telegram are short and urgent messages.
   Letters cost less whereas telegram costs more.
5. STD (Subscriber Trunk Dialling) is the means by which we can talk to people living within our country.
   ISD (International Subscriber Dialling) is the means by which we can talk to people living in other countries.

Fun to do

2. STD codes for
   Delhi : 011
   Mumbai : 022
   Kolkata : 033
   Chennai : 044

3. Mobile phone service providers
   1. Idea
   2. BSNL
   3. Reliance
   4. Tata Indicom
   5. Vodafone

19. NATURAL AND MAN-MADE MATERIALS

1. Stone, sand, mud and clay are obtained from different types of rocks.

2. Metals are used to make useful machines, tools, kitchen utensils and even jewellery.
3. Man-made materials are glass, plastics and paper.
4. We can reuse glass containers, bottles and paper.
5. The use of plastic materials be reduced because
   (a) Plastics cause pollution.
   (b) Plastics do not decay naturally, i.e., they are non biodegradable.

- 1. plastic
- 2. bamboo
- 3. glass
- 4. polythene
- 5. earth’s

- 1. Pot
- 2. Utensils
- 3. Bags
- 4. Balloon
- 5. Bottles

- 1. Tiles
- 2. Jewellery
- 3. Shoes
- 4. Tyres
- 5. Chair

- 1. Natural
- 2. Man-made
- 3. Natural
- 4. Man-made